TENT COOPERATION TRE.

	From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU
PCT	То:
	Assistant Commissioner for Patents
海·NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION	United States Patent and Trademark
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Date of mailing (day/month/year)	Office
23 October 2000 (23.10.00)	in its capacity as elected Office
International application No.	Applicant's or agent's file reference
PCT/US00/04270	DLF-002.1PCT
International filing date (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)
18 February 2000 (18.02.00)	18 February 1999 (18.02.99)
Applicant	
FAUSTMAN, Denise, L.	
The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made	: :
W	Francisco Authority and
X in the demand filed with the International Preliminary	
11 September	2000 (11.09.00)
in a notice effecting later election filed with the Intern	ational Rureau on
In a notice effecting later election med with the mean	5.10.10.1 20.1000 5.11.1
2. The election X was	
was not	
made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority of	Nato or where Pule 32 applies within the time limit under
Rule 32.2(b).	date of, where note 32 applies, within the time innit ones.
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The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Christelle Croci

Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

' PCT





INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

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US

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(63) Related by Continuation (CON) or Continuation-in-Part (CIP) to Earlier Application

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(71)(72) Applicant and Inventor: FAUSTMAN, Denise, I [US/US]; 74 Pinecroft Road, Weston, MA 02193 (US).

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Published

With international search report.

Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

(54) Title: METHOD FOR INHIBITING TRANSPLANT REJECTION

(57) Abstract

A method for inhibiting rejection of tissues transplanted into a mammalian host is disclosed. Treatment of the tissues with an enzyme or combination of enzyme, particularly papain, to eliminate cell surface structures necessary for recognition by the host's immune system, particularly MHC Class I molecules, avoids or reduces the attack of the host's immune system on the transplanted tissues. Tissues that are enzymatically shaved of MHC Class I antigens and/or other critical adhesion molecules can be rendered at least temporarily resistant or immune to attack by cytolytic T lymphocytes, helper T lymphocytes, antibodies, or other effector cells of a host's immune system, thereby enhancing the survivability of the tissues in the host after transplant.

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US00/04270

	The state of the s				
US CL	:424/94.2; 435/1.1, 2 to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to bot	h) IDG		
	DS SEARCHED	n national classificatio	n and IPC		
Minimum d	ocumentation searched (classification system follow	ed by classification sy	mbols)		
i e	424/94.2; 435/1.1, 2		·		
Documental	tion searched other than minimum documentation to th	ne extent that such docu	ments are included	in the fields searched	
WEST U	data base consulted during the international search (in SPT, DWPI; STN MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CA rms: transplantation, donor tissue, MHC Class I and			e, search terms used)	
C. DOC	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT				
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where a	appropriate, of the rele	vant passages	Relevant to claim No.	
X Y	GALATI et al. Quantative Cytometr from Living Cells. Cytometry. 1997.	y of MHC Class Vol 27, pages 7°	s I Digestion 7-83.	15,19, 22-25,27, 29,30,33	
				1-14,16-18, 21,26,28, 31,32,34-37	
x	US 5,416,260 A (KOLLER et al) 16	May 1995. abstr	act.	24	
Y				1-23,27-37	
X	US 4,399,123 A (OLIVER et al) examples 1-4; col. 2, lines 16, 37-45,	16 August 1983 60-65.	3. col. 6-7,	1-8,15-21	
Y	·			9-14,22-37	
X Furth	ner documents are listed in the continuation of Box (C. See paten	t family annex.		
'A' doc	ectal categories of cited documents:	date and not u	conflict with the appl	rnational filing date or priority ication but cited to understand	
to t	be of particular relevance lier document published on or after the international filling date		r theory underlying the	claimed invention cannot be	
L doc	cument which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is ed to establish the publication date of another citation or other	considered nov when the docu	el or cannot be consider ment is taken alone	red to involve an inventive step	
spe	coal reason (as specified) cument referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other	considered to combined with	involve an inventive	e claimed invention cannot be step when the document is a documents, such combination he art	
P document published prior to the international filing date but later than *&* document member of the same patent family					
Date of the	actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of th	e international sea	arch report	
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US00/04270

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C (Continua	tion). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relev	ant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	STONE et al. Porcine Cartilage Transplants in the Cynomolgus Monkey.III. Transplantation of alpha-Galactosidase-Treated Porcine Cartilage. Transplantation. 27 June 1998. Vol 65. No. 12, pages 1577-1583, abstract.		1-37
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From the INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

To: LEON R. YANKWICH
YANKWICH & ASSOCIATES
150 BISHOP ALLEN DRIVE
CAMBRIDGE MA 02159

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Rule 71.1)

Date of Mailing (day/month/year)

09 AUG20<u>01</u>

Applicant's or agent's file reference

IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION

DLF-002.1PCT

International filing date (day/month/year)

Priority Date (day/month/year)

PCT/US00/04970

18 FEBRUARY 2000

18 FEBRUARY 1999

Applicant

FAUSTMAN, DENISE L

International application No.

- 1. The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary examination report and its annexes, if any, established on the international
- A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the International Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
- 3. Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will translation to those Offices.

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Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary examination report. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

Name and mailing address of the IPEA/US

Comprisioner of Putents and Trademarks

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Form PCT/IPEA/416 (July 1992)+

PATENT COOPERATION TEATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

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DLF-002.1PCT	FOR FURTHER ACTION	ACTION See Notification of Transmittal or Internation Preliminary Examination Report (Fo		
International application No.	International filing date (day/m	date (day/month/year) Priority date (day/month/year)		
PCT/US00/04270	18 FEBRUARY 2000		18 FEBRUARY 1999	
International Patent Classification (IPC IPC(7): A01N 1/00, 1/02 and US Cl.:	C) or national classification and IPC 424/94.2; 435/1.1, 2			
Applicant FAUSTMAN, DENISE L.				
Examining Authority and	is transmitted to the applicant	been prepared according to	d by this International Preliminary Article 36.	
2. This REPORT consists of	a total of <u>5</u> sheets.			
This report is also accobeen amended and are (see Rule 70.16 and Se	ompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., shee the basis for this report and/or she oction 607 of the Administrative I	ets containing	ption, claims and/or drawings which have rectifications made before this Authority. der the PCT).	
These annexes consist of a	total of sheets.			
3. This report contains indicati	ions relating to the following it	ems:		
I X Basis of the re	port			
H Priority				
III Non-establishment of report with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability				
IV Lack of unity	of invention			
V X Reasoned staten		ard to novelty, nent	inventive step or industrial applicability;	
VI Certain documer				
	in the international application			
	tions on the international applica	tion		
	,			
Date of submission of the demand	Date	of completion	of this report	
11 SEPTEMBER 2000	2:	9 MAY 2001		
Name and mailing address of the IPE	A/US Autho	orized office	1 / 1 / 2	
Commissioner of Patents and Trad	demarks	ERA FREM	la lem fa	
Washington, D.C. 20231		V	/)	

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atemational	applicat	ion	No.

PCT/US00/04270

I.	Ba	sis of the repo	rt		
1	With	regard to the elem	nents of the international a	opplication:*	
•			l application as origina		
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	X	the description pages	(See Attached)		as originally filed
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	X	the claims:			
		pages	(See Attached)		, as originally filed
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		P-8			
	\mathbf{x}	the drawings:			
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	the The	the language of the language of	available or furnished to a translation furnished f publication of the inte	otherwise indicated under this item. this Authority in the following language d for the purposes of international searce ernational application (under Rule 48.3) or the purposes of international preliminary ex	ch (under Rule 23.1(b)). (b)).
3.				no acid sequence disclosed in the internation the basis of the sequence listing:	tional application, the international
		contained in th	e international applicat	tion in printed form.	
		filed together v	with the international a	pplication in computer readable form.	·
	H		equently to this Author		
	H			rity in computer readable form.	
	믬			irnished written sequence listing does no	at go beyond the disclosure in the
		international ap	plication as filed has be	een furnished.	
	Ш	The statement the been furnished.	hat the information recor	ded in computer readable form is identical	to the writen sequence listing has
4	\mathbf{x}	The amendme	nts have resulted in the	e cancellation of:	
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5	ـــا ٠			of) the amendments had not been made, si ated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)	
	in t	lacement sheets u	hich have been furnished	to the receiving Office in response to an invi- to tannexed to this report since they do no	tation under Article 14 are referred to
			eet containine such amet	ndments must be referred to under item 1	and annexed to this report.



international application No.

PCT/US00/04270

V.	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2 citations and explanations supporting	2) with regard such stateme	l to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability ent	; ———
1.	statement			
	Novelty (N)	Claims	(Please See supplemental sheet)	YES
		Claims	(Please See supplemental sheet)	NO
	Inventive Step (IS)	Claims	(Please See supplemental sheet)	YES
	Through out (12)	Claims	(Please See supplemental sheet)	NO
	Industrial Applicability (IA)	Claims	(Please See supplemental sheet)	YES
	Industrial Applications (111)	Claima	(Please See supplemental sheet)	NO

2. citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

Claims 15, 19, 22-25, 27, 29, 30 and 33 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by Galati et al..

The claims are directed to a method for treating mammal donor tissue or for inhibiting rejection of mammal donor tissue wherein the method comprises a step of treating a mammal donor tissue with an enzyme effective for removing or temporarily ablating MHC Class I antigens from the donor tissue. Some claims are further drawn to the use of a solution with papain at 5-60 mg/ml for a period of 5 minutes to 24 hours. Some claims are further drawn to treatment of blood cells. Some claims are directed to a mammalian tissue treated with papain. Some claims are directed to a transplantation pack comprising tissue in a nutrient or preservative solution and a papain.

Galati et al. discloses a method for removing MHC Class I antigens by treating various living tissue cells with a solution of papain at 0.5-4 mg/ml for 2-6 hours. Digestion or removal of MHC Class I molecules were carried on living cells. See abstract and page 78 at "Materials and Methods" section. The mammalian tissue cells treated with papain were viable and they had a significant reduction of MHC class I antigenic molecules (page 79 at "Results" section). Thus, the method and tissue as claimed are considered to be anticipated by the cited method and tissue. Although the cited reference does not clearly teach a whole composition as a transplantation pack, the cited composition comprises identical items as claimed such as mammalian tissues or cell lines and an enzyme effective for removing MHC Class I antigen or papain. Thus, the claimed invention is anticipated by the cited reference.

Claims 1-8 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2)as being anticipated by US 4,399,123.

The claims are directed to a method for inhibiting rejection of mammal donor tissue wherein the method comprises a step of treating a mammal donor tissue with an enzyme effective for removing MHC Class I antigen and step of transplanting the treated tissue. Some claims are further drawn to the use of a (Continued on Supplemental Sheet.)



International application No.

PCT/US00/04270

Supplemental Box

(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

Continuation of: Boxes I - VIII

Sheet 10

I. BASIS OF REPORT:

This report has been drawn on the basis of the description, page(s) 1-13, as originally filed.
page(s) NONE, filed with the demand.
and additional amendments:
NONE

This report has been drawn on the basis of the claims, page(s) none, as originally filed.
page(s) NONE, as amended under Article 19.
page(s) NONE, filed with the demand.
and additional amendments:
Pages 14-17, filed with the letter of 07 May 2001.

This report has been drawn on the basis of the drawings, page(s) NONE, as originally filed. page(s) NONE, filed with the demand. and additional amendments:

NONE

This report has been drawn on the basis of the sequence listing part of the description: page(s) NONE, as originally filed.
pages(s) NONE, filed with the demand.
and additional amendments:
NONE

V. 1. REASONED STATEMENTS:

The report as to Novelty was positive (YES) with respect to claims 9-14,16-18,20,21,26,28,31,32,34-37. The report as to Novelty was negative (NO) with respect to claims 1-8,15,19,22-25,27,29,30,33.

The report as to Inventive Step was positive (YES) with respect to claims NONE.

The report as to Inventive Step was negative (NO) with respect to claims 1-37.

The report as to Industrial Applicability was positive (YES) with respect to claims 1-37.

The report as to Industrial Applicability was negative (NO) with respect to claims NONE.

V. 2. REASONED STATEMENTS - CITATIONS AND EXPLANATIONS (Continued):

second enzyme to remove antigenic surface structure. Some claims are further drawn to the treatment of skin cells.

US 4,399,123 teaches a method for inhibiting rejection of donor tissue wherein the method comprises a step of treating a mammalian fibrous tissues with a first proteolytic enzyme and a second carbohydrate splitting enzyme in order to remove antigenic structures and to obtain a preparation which is intended and suitable for homo- and hetero-transplantation (abstract or col. 2, lines 1-45). The preferred enzyme combinations are trypsin or chymotrypsin and amylase (examples 1-4). The suitable proteolytic enzymes include papain (col. 2, lines 63-64). The fibrous tissues are human or porcine dermis tissues. Thus, the cited method comprises identical active step and identical structural elements as the claimed method. Although the cited reference does not clearly demonstrate the removal of MHC Class I antigenic molecules, the cited method is reasonably expected to result in the removal of glycoproteins such as MHC Class I molecules particularly in view that two identical types of enzymes such as proteolytic and carbohydrate splitting enzymes are used for removal of antigenic structures including glycoproteins (col.2, line 16).

Claims 1-34 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over US 4,399,123 taken with Galati et al., US 5,416,260 and Stone et al.

The claims are directed to a method for preparing donor tissues for transplantation or for inhibiting rejection of mammalian donor tissue wherein the method comprises a step of treating a donor tissue with a combination of two enzymes such as an enzyme effective for removing MHC Class I antigen from the donor tissue or papain and a second enzyme such as galactosidase. Some claims are further drawn to the use of a solution with papain at 5-60 mg/ml for a period of 5 minutes to 24 hours. Some claims are further drawn to the treatment of blood cells, skin cells, etc. Some claims are directed to a mammalian tissue with a reduced amounts of MHC Class I antigens. Some claims are directed to a transplantation pack comprising tissue



nternational application No.

PCT/US00/04270

Supplemental Box

(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

Continuation of: Boxes I - VIII

Sheet 11

in a nutrient or preservative solution and a papain.

US 4,399,123 is applied here for the disclosure of a mammalian tissues obtained by a method and for the disclosure of a method for inhibiting rejection of a donor tissue wherein the method comprises a step of treating a tissue with two types of enzymes in order to remove antigenic structures including glycoproteins and polysaccharides. The reference is lacking a particular exemplified disclosure of a proteolytic enzyme such as papain in a combination with a particular carbohydrate splitting enzyme such as galactosidase. However, the cited patent suggests the use of papain as a suitable proteolytic enzyme. And the other reference by Galati et al. particularly demonstrates that papain removes glycoproteins such as MHC Class I molecules carried out on living mammalian cells in a method for inhibiting rejection of donor tissue or a method for reducing amounts of antigenic molecules recognizable by lymphocytes.

The reference by Stone et al. discloses tissues for transplantation and a method for inhibiting rejection of a donor tissue by treating the tissue with galactosidase (pages 1577-1578 at paragraphs "Methods" and "Conclusions").

And US 5,416,260 teaches that tissues lacking MHC antigens are universal donor cells for transplantation which would not be rejected or destroyed by recipient immune system (col. 1, lines 15-18, 40-55; col. 4, lines 15-21). Although the cited patent discloses tissue which is obtained by recombinant techniques rather than enzymatic treatment, the cited patent clearly suggests the various tissues/cells with reduced or eliminated amounts of MHC Class I antigens as suitable for transplantation.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the claimed invention was made to substitute papain and galactosidase for particular enzymes in the method for preparing donor tissues as disclosed by US 4,399,123 with a reasonable expectation of success in practicing method for inhibiting rejection of donor tissues and obtaining tissues suitable for transplantation because the use of papain have been suggested [US 4,399,123] and/or shown [Galati et al.] by the cited prior art references and removal of gal-epitopes with galactosidase have been successfully demonstrated for transplants [Stone et al.]. Since the use of cells lacking MHC Class I antigens as universal donor tissues [US 5,416,260] and methods for obtaining such tissues are known in the art of cellular and organ therapies including transplantation [US 4,399,123; Galati et al.; Stone et al.] the claimed invention as a whole was clearly lacking an inventive step particularly in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

With regard to the claimed invention directed to a transplantation pack it is noted that although this composition is not clearly disclosed by the cited US patent '123, the similar composition intended for transplantation comprising the similar items as claimed such as donor tissues and combination of two types of enzymes, is suggested by the cited US patent '123 and, thus, a transplantation pack would have been obvious to those of ordinary skill in the art within the meaning of the lack of an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3).

With regard to the claims directed to mammalian transplant tissues it is noted the mammalian tissue as disclosed by US 4,399,123 and Galati et al. appear to be similar to the presently claimed tissue. The disclosed donor tissues have been treated with two types of enzymes and they are viable and suitable for transplantation. Even if the claimed tissues are not identical to the referenced tissue with regard to some undisclosed characteristics such as, for example, particular amounts of particular molecules removed, the differences between that which is disclosed and that which is claimed are considered to be so slight that the referenced tissues are likely inherently possess the same characteristics of the claimed tissues particularly in view of the similar characteristics which they have been shown to share with regard to reduction of antigenic surface molecules, viability and/or successful transplantation. And, thus, they would have been obvious to those of ordinary skill in the art within the meaning of the lack of an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3).

Applicants' amendment to the claims is drawn to emphasize a temporary effect of an enzymatic removal of MHC antigens from the surface of tissues/cells intended for transplantation. Thus, the claim objection for lacking novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by US 5,416,260 has been withdrawn since the disclosed recombinant preparation of tissues lacking MHC antigens would result in permanent removal of MHC antigens without possibility for future expression. However, with regard to the other cited references applicants amendment and arguments are not persuasive because enzymatic removal of MHC antigens have been demonstrated in the prior art and tissues lacking MHC antigens have been taught as universal donor for transplantation. The reference by Galati et al. discloses removal of MHC antigens from living cells or tissues and, thus, these treated tissues/cells are reasonably believed to be capable of future expression of MHC as intended or as argued by applicants. With regard to the cited patent US 4,399,123 applicants seem to argue that it suggests for transplantation a tissue lacking MHC antigens which is dead or sterilized. This is not found true because sterilization which is described by US'123 is intended for purification from contamination rather than preparation of a dead tissue (col. 5, line 48 or line 66). Moreover, the cited patent teaches do not exceed certain limits in application of a sterilizing agent such as

glutaraldehyde s	olution, for example	col.b, lines 2-3
NONE	NEW CITATIONS	

TENT COOPERATION TRE

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

PCT

NOTIFICATION CONCERNING AMENDMENTS OF THE CLAIMS

(PCT Rule 62 and Administrative Instructions, Section 417)

Date of mailing (day/month/year)
23 October 2000 (23.10.00)

International application No. PCT/US00/04270

Applicant FAUSTMAN, Denise, L.

۱''

Assistant Commissioner for Patents United States Patent and Trademark Office Box PCT Washington, D.C.20231 ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE

in its capacity as International Preliminary Examining Authority

International filing date (day/month/year)

18 February 2000 (18.02.00)

The International Bureau hereby informs the International Preliminary Examining Authority that no amendments under Article 19 have been received by the International Bureau (Administrative Instructions, Section 417).

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Authorized officer

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